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Genoa, July 10. *N. S.*

THE Tartar Pink that brought over the Marquis Rofrano, a Grandee of Spain, in four Days from Barcelona, was ſent back on the 5th Inſtant by Mr. Chetwynd with the Packets he had received from England for Lieutenant-General Stanhope, and the Admirals Norris and Baker, having Colonel Harriſon, Colonel Stanhope, and ſeveral other Engliſh Officers on Board, who are going to their reſpective Regiments in Spain. A great part of the Soldiers that returned on Board the Duke of Turſis's Galleys are ſince dead; two of thoſe Veſſels are appointed to tranſport the remainder to Porto-Longone, w[illegible] Orders to ſail from thence to Corſica, for thoſe that ſaved themſelves in that Iſland. We have advice by a Veſſel lately arrived from Spain, that Admiral Norris having diſembarked the Priſoners he had on Board, at Barcelona, ſailed from thence to Terragona, where he landed the Imperial Reinforcements, that they may with more expedition March to the Confederate Camp at Portella, The Confederates, when joined by theſe Troops, will be enabled to purſue their Advantages in Arragon, where the Inhabitants are very well diſpoſed to his Catholick Majeſty.

Berlin, July 12. *N. S.* This be[illegible] the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Birth-Day, it was ſolemnized with the uſual Ceremony; the King and Court coming Yeſterday from Charlottenburg for that purpoſe; the Cannon were thrice fired round the Ramparts, and all the Foreign Miniſters Complimented his Majeſty this Morning on that Occaſion. The Prince Royal came to Town Yeſterday from his Country Seat at Wuſterhauſen, where he has been ſome time to take the Diverſions of the Seaſon. The Margrave Philip, and his Conſort the Margravine, came likewiſe to this City from Swedt on the Frontiers of Pomerania, in order to be preſent at this Solemnity. The Margrave aſſures us, that though the Plague is not at Stetin, as it was reported here, yet there reigns in that City a violent ſpotted Fever, which Evil is heightned by the Apprehenſions which all the Swediſh part of Pomerania is under, of an Invaſion from the Poles and Muſcovites. This Calamity, beſides the extraordinary Meaſures they are obliged to take to put themſelves in a Poſture of Defence, and the Maintenance of the Body of Troops under the Command of General Craſſau, already Quartered in that Province, hath reduced that Country to a miſerable Condition, and ſeveral begin to convey their beſt Effects into the Neighbourhood for their Preſervation. Yet on the other ſide it is reported, that a Reinforcement of twenty thouſand Men is expected from Sweden; which Report ſeems to be ſpread Abroad, with a deſign to encourage thoſe People to continue in their Country. Laſt Wedneſday Monſieur Rantzau acquainted the King, that his Maſter the King of Denmark, had been pleaſed, in conſideration of the preſſing Inſtances of the Allies, to revoke the Order he had given to hinder all Commerce with Sweden, by ſtopping any Ships that ſhould be bound to that Kingdom with ſuch Merchandize as he had declared Contreband, and had ordered that all Veſſels which have hitherto been ſtopt, under theſe Pretences, ſhould be ſet at liberty. Monſieur Leith, the Envoy of Muſcovy, has acquainted the King that he hath received certain Intelligence this Morning, that the Town of Wyborg was ſurrendred to his Czariſh Majeſty on the 25th of June, O. S. Count Fortain, the Miniſter of the Duke of Guaſtalla, is lately arrived here from the Hague, in his Way to Vienna, to ſollicite his Majeſty's good Offices at the Imperial Court and at Ratisbon, in Favour of the Pretenſions of the Duke his Maſter. Count Hanan is arrived here with a very great Equipage, in order to be inſtalled next Monday. A Gentleman is likewiſe expected on the Part of the Prince of Naſſau-Dillenburg, to receive the Inveſtiture of the ſame Order, by Proxy. The King has thought fit to declare again, both to the Miniſters of Sweden and Poland, that he cannot permit either of them to march thro' his Territories to Attack the other, without reſenting it as an Act of Hoſtility againſt himſelf. They write from Marienburg of the 1ſt Inſtant, that the Great General of the Crown was gone to Kaminici, to obſerve the King of Sweden, and to inform himſelf of the true Reaſon of his long ſtay at Bender. That General has given Order to the Troops to aſſemble near Nisko, on the River Uzepi. They have lately been very much alarmed at Warſaw and Cracow with freſh Apprehenſions of the Plague, which began to break out again in thoſe Cities, ſo that the Inhabitants forſook their Houſes, and retired into the Country; but thoſe Fears are now ceaſed, and the People were returned to their Habitations.

From the Camp at Viller-Brulin, July 24. *N. S.* The Diſpoſition being made for breaking Ground before Bethune, the ſame was put in Execution laſt Night before the Gate of Arras, being the Ground appointed for General Fagel's Attack. Lieutenant-General Vinck had the Command, with a Major-General, a Brigadier, and two thouſand Workmen, with four Battalions to cover them; they finiſh'd their Parallel with a good Communication before they were diſcover'd by the Enemy; ſo that on this ſide we did not ſuſtain any manner of Loſs. On the ſide deſign'd for General Schulemburg's Attack before the Gate of Ayre, two hundred and fifty Workmen, covered by two hundred Fuſiliers, took Poſt upon the Dyke, and began to cut it in three ſeveral Places, in order to drain the Inundation; the Enemy made a great Fire from two Redoubts, but wounded only ſix Men. Yeſterday our Patrouilles met with two of the Enemies Parties, one of eighteen Men from Ayre, and the other of four and twenty from their Army, and brought them all Priſoners to the Camp. The Enemy ſeem at preſent to have no other deſign, than that of covering their own Country, and of intercepting our Convoys; for the former they have begun new Lines between Dourlens and Bappaume, and to prevent the latter, we have taken all the neceſſary Precautions, ſeveral Pieces of Cannon being for that purpoſe ſent to the Prince of Heſſe's flying Camp near Lens, and Dykes made in the Souchet, in order to fill that River in the Places where it was fordable.

Bruſſels, July 26. *N. S.* The French Plenipotentiaries arrived here this Morning from Gertruydenberg, on their Way to the French Court. They dined with the Princeſs d'Iſenghien, to whom the Mareſchal d'Uxelles is related; after which they proceeded to Mons, where they are to Lodge this Night. Letters from Madrid of the 7th Inſtant ſay, that by the laſt Advices from the Army they had an Account that Marſhal Staremberg having taken effectual Precautions for the Security of his Convoys, had ſent ſeveral Detachments into Arragon; and there was a Report that he had poſſeſſed himſelf of Monçon. The Duke of Anjou's Army ſuffered very much for want of Proviſions, their Communication with Arragon being cut off by the advantageous Situation of the Confederates; ſo that the Duke had reſolved to retire towards Lerida, and had ſent Officers to mark out a Camp near that City.

Hague, July 25. *N. S.* The Letter of the 20th which the Penſionary Heinſius received from the Marſhal d'Uxelles and the Abbot of Polignac, is a ſort of Manifeſto reflecting on the Conduct of the Deputies of the States in the